



Clinical Image

Foreign Body Airway Obstruction

Obstrucción de las vías aéreas por cuerpo extraño

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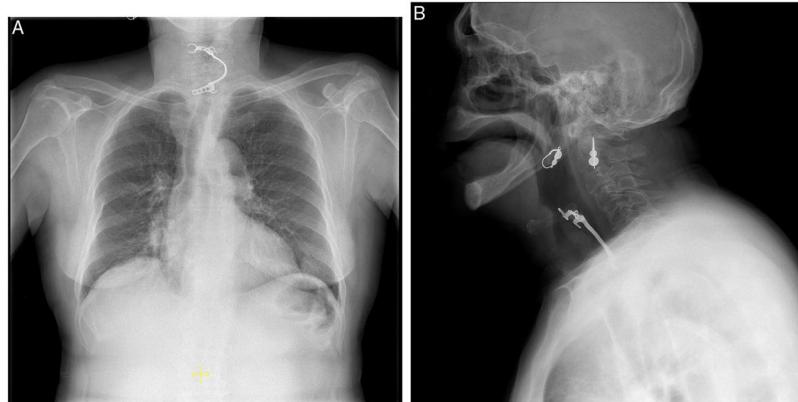


Fig. 1. Chest radiograph (posteroanterior and lateral views) – a metal radiopaque foreign body is projected over the midline at the C4–C7 level, consistent with dental prosthesis. No cutaneous emphysema, pneumothorax, atelectasy or parenchymatous alterations are identified.

73-Year-old female patient, which presented to the emergency service with dyspnea, cough and hoarseness. Reference to an episode of choking at dinner the day before. Heimlich maneuvering was performed with food expulsion (meat), with transient improvement, but no dental prosthesis was found after the event. Chest radiograph shows dental prosthesis located on the laryngoesophageal transition at the C4–C7 level. The patient was submitted to endoscopic removal of the prosthesis in the operating room. Severe pharyngeal edema was detected (need for oro-tracheal intubation), and upper esophagus showed extensive superficial ulceration at the denture impaction site, without active hemorrhage. The patient was admitted to Intensive Care Unit. During the stay, the institution of corticotherapy and ibuprofen resulted in a decrease in pharyngeal edema, with a 48-h cuff-leak test compatible with airway permeability, which allowed successful extubation. On the thirteenth day she got discharged.

Foreign body airway obstruction usually manifests as acute respiratory failure. However, in about 50% of these patients the manifestation occurs within the first 24 h after the episode and cough is the most common symptom.^{1,2} It is fundamental to maintain a high degree of clinical suspicion in patients with respiratory distress after a choking episode and Chest radiograph may confirm the diagnosis^{1,2} (Fig. 1).

References

1. Özdemir C. Foreign body aspiration in adult: analysis of 28 cases. *Euras J Pulmonol*. 2015;17:29–34.
2. Hewlett JC. Foreign body aspiration in adult airways: therapeutic approach. *J Thorac Dis*. 2017;9:3398–409.

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