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#### Clinical Image

## A Rare Cause of Chronic Pulmonary Embolism: Hydatid Cyst



### Una causa infrecuente de embolismo pulmonar crónico: un quiste hidatídico

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73-year-old patient with a history of pericardial hydatid cyst surgically resected 11 years ago who has chronic dyspnea since 6 months. On physical examination, the patient presented tachypnea and dyspnea. The chest x-ray showed a right hilar opacity. Thoracic CT scan (Fig. 1) showed a cystic filling defect of the main



Fig. 1. Computed tomography thorax.

pulmonary artery and of right pulmonary artery. The echocardiography showed enlarged pulmonary arteries, enlarged chambers of the right heart and elevated pulmonary systolic pressure estimated at 80 mm hg. Serologic tests of hydatid cyst were positive. The diagnosis of chronic pulmonary artery hydatid cyst was decided by the patient's history of pericardial hydatid cyst, thoracic CT scan, enlarged pulmonary arteries with elevated pulmonary systolic pressure and positive serology tests. A surgery was indicated but was refused by the patient. Therefore, a medical treatment was initiated (albendazole).

#### References

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